
Subject: Re: 4 x 1 Ohm = 16 Ohms (sometimes)
Posted by [Damir](#) on Tue, 26 Jul 2005 04:43:11 GMT
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And how four identical 1-Ohm windings connected parallel become 4-Ohms secondary? The same for your 8-Ohms example. Can you post your math? Impedance (z) and turns ratio (n) are different things, $z=n^2$ - that's why I posted it, some people are little confused...
