Subject: Re: NooBee Question Posted by GarMan on Thu, 27 May 2004 22:32:57 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

In a straightforward L-pad with just two resistors, the attenuation is frequency independent. However, Wayne's compensation network incorporates a capacitor in parallel with the series resistor, and this in turn adjusts the level of attenuation by frequency. Since you asked for mathematical models, everytime you reduce the voltage to a driver by half, you attenuate by 6dB. Level of attenuation is calulated by: $dB = 20^{\circ}\log(Vo/Vi)$ where Vo/Vi is the percentage of the original voltage. I think the easiest thing to do is to just use one of Wayne's crossover networks that he developed for his PI 18" speakers.Gar.

Page 1 of 1 ---- Generated from AudioRoundTable.com